## § 100.154 Candidate debates.

Funds used to defray costs incurred in staging candidate debates in accordance with the provisions of 11 CFR 110.13 and 114.4(f) are not expenditures.

## § 100.155 Uncompensated Internet activity by individuals that is not an expenditure.

- (a) When an individual or a group of individuals, acting independently or in coordination with any candidate, authorized committee, or political party committee, engages in Internet activities for the purpose of influencing a Federal election, neither of the following is an expenditure by that individual or group of individuals:
- (1) The individual's uncompensated personal services related to such Internet activities:
- (2) The individual's use of equipment or services for uncompensated Internet activities, regardless of who owns the equipment and services.
- (b) Internet activities. For the purposes of this section, the term "Internet activities" includes, but is not limited to: Sending or forwarding electronic messages; providing a hyperlink or other direct access to another person's website; blogging; creating maintaining or hosting a website; paying a nominal fee for the use of another person's website; and any other form of communication distributed over the Internet.
- (c) Equipment and services. For the purposes of this section, the term "equipment and services" includes, but is not limited to: Computers, software, Internet domain names, Internet Service Providers (ISP), and any other technology that is used to provide access to or use of the Internet.
- (d) Paragraph (a) of this section also applies to any corporation that is wholly owned by one or more individuals, that engages primarily in Internet activities, and that does not derive a substantial portion of its revenues from sources other than income from its Internet activities.
- (e) This section does not exempt from the definition of expenditure:
- (1) Any payment for a public communication (as defined in 11 CFR 100.26) other than a nominal fee;

- (2) Any payment for the purchase or rental of an e-mail address list made at the direction of a political committee;
- (3) Any payment for an e-mail address list that is transferred to a political committee.

[71 FR 18613, Apr. 12, 2006]

## PART 101—CANDIDATE STATUS AND DESIGNATIONS (2 U.S.C. 432(e))

Sec.

- 101.1 Candidate designations (2 U.S.C. 432(e)(1)).
- 101.2 Candidate as agent of authorized committee (2 U.S.C. 432(e)(2)).
- 101.3 Funds received or expended prior to becoming a candidate (2 U.S.C. 432(e)(2)).

AUTHORITY: 2 U.S.C. 432(e), 434(a)(11), 438(a)(8).

## 101.1 Candidate designations (2 U.S.C. 432(e)(1)).

Principal campaign committee. Within 15 days after becoming a candidate under 11 CFR 100.3, each candidate, other than a nominee for the office of Vice President, shall designate in writing, a principal campaign committee in accordance with 11 CFR 102.12. A candidate shall designate his or her principal campaign committee by filing a Statement of Candidacy on FEC Form 2, or, if the candidate is not required to file electronically under 11CFR 104.18, by filing a letter containing the same information (that is, the individual's name and address, party affiliation, and office sought, the District and State in which Federal office is sought, and the name and address of his or her principal campaign committee at the place of filing specified at 11 CFR part 105). Candidates for the Senate and the House of Representatives must also state, on their Statements of Candidacy on FEC Form 2 (or, if the candidate is not required to file electronically under 11 CFR 104.18, on his or her letter containing the same information), the amount by which the candidate intends to exceed the threshold amount as defined in 11 CFR 400.9. Each principal campaign committee shall register, designate a depository, and report in accordance with 11 CFR parts 102, 103, and 104.